MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/43 Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Page 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
			IGCSE – October/November 2010	0680	43		
1 (a)	(i)	push/pull factors/described e.g. find jobs/earn money to buy food; [1]					
((ii)	animals die/do not grow/sold off for other food;			[1]		
(i	ii)	no ability to farm after drought without tools; ref to cost of tools after drought; [1]					
(b) ((i)	living hedge is thorny so cannot be eaten; no need to cut trees to make fence; ref to deforestation; ref to desertification; do not need to buy materials to make fence; AVP; [max 1]					
					[max i]		
(ii)	advantage: not cutting wood for fuel/renewable energy source/easy to gather/ash can used as a fertiliser/do not need to buy fertiliser/fuel;					
		disa	dvantage: less manure to ground/increased risk of c	crop failure/soil er			
		exha	austion/eq;		[2]		
(i	ii)		to pollinate crops/described; honey is an extra food my valid purpose (i.e. school fees/medical bills/buyir				
(i	v)		ice the amount of disease; named disease; so less /drinking water;	time of working/	eq; not polluting [max 2]		
(c) 4	(c) $40 \times 10/10.3 = 38.8($)$; A working only; [2]						
(d)	(i)	sens	sible channels; connected to pump;		[2]		
((ii)	salin	nity/salinisation; described; depletion of nutrients/nar	med nutrient;	[3]		
(i	ii)	more breeding grounds; mosquitoes lay eggs in water; longer to breed/eq; mor mosquitoes to bite;					
(i	v)	allow	v ditches to dry out between irrigations; so larvae die	off/eq; ref to fast fl	owing water; [2]		
((v)	oil oi	n water; (impregnated) mosquito nets; repellents; ot	her valid method	; [2]		
(e)	(i)	for g	prowth/repair/development/reproduction/muscles/imr	nune system;	[1]		
((ii)	table	e drawn; suitable headings; correct rows; columns;		[max 3]		

Page 3				Paper		
		IGCSE – October/November 201	0 0680	43		
2	(a) (i)	move to new pastures; live on animal products; ref to annual cycle of movement; AVP e.g. do not cultivate crops; [max 2]				
	(ii)	soil remains protected/eq.; no overgrazing; so no deforestation; or desertification; max 2 [2]				
	(b) (i)	loss of grazing land; interfere with migration routes; have to keep less animals; not enough for survival/eq; [max 2]				
	(ii)	greenhouse effect; leading to climate change/global warming/described; high use of (fossil) fuel for heating; ref to acid gases from chimney; [max 2]				
	(iii)	carbon dioxide absorbed by plants; by photosynthesis; makes sugar cane grow faster; [max 2]				
	(iv)	1: low costs; less coal/wood burnt; ash as fertiliser; 2: used to run cars; other chemical processes; 3: helps rate of growth; helps produce more food;				
		any 4		[4]		
	(c) (i)	3.1 – 2.7/2.7 × 100 = 14.8/15(%);; correct work	ing only;	[2]		
	(ii)	yes; because the extra yield is worth more than cost of irrigation; allow if qualified e.g. high environmental/social costs; [max 2]				
	(d) (i)	orientation; axes labelled;; plots;		[4]		
	(ii)	plant roots fully established/eq; soil most fertile	; more leaves/photosynthe	esis; [2]		
	(iii)	7.2 – 5.8 (tonnes per hectare);		[1]		
	(iv)	(after) year 3;		[1]		
	(e) (i)	gloves/masks/goggles/overalls;; wash after chemical into water channels/water/eq;	use; breathing apparatus	s; do not pour [max 3]		
	(ii)	<i>commercial</i> : more yield; more profit; more exp further inputs to maintain old canes;	ports; low cost of new can	es; high cost of [max 2]		

environmental: less risk of pesticide pollution; poisoning workers; less fertiliser used; so less risk of pollution; more carbon dioxide uptake; [max 2]